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we are a learning community with the spirit to succeed

Maths subject coverage 2022-2023

## Statutory requirements

| Year group | Number and place value | Addition and subtraction | Multiplication and division | Fractions | Measurement | Geometry: properties of shapes | Geometry: position and direction | Statistics |
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| EYFS | Children count reliably with numbers from 1 to 20 , place them in order and say which number is one more or one less than a given number. | Using quantities and objects, they add and subtract two single-digit numbers and count on or back to find the answer. | They solve problems, including doubling, halving and sharing. |  | Children use everyday language to talk about size, weight, capacity, position, distance, time and money to compare quantities and objects and to solve problems. They recognise, create and describe patterns. | They explore characteristics of everyday objects and shapes and use mathematical language to describe them. | Children use everyday language to talk about position and distance. |  |
| Year 1 | count to and across 100, forwards and backwards, beginning with 0 or 1 , or from any given number <br> - count, read and write numbers to 100 in numerals; count in multiples of twos, fives and tens <br> - given a number, identify one more and one less <br> - identify and represent numbers using objects and pictorial representations including the number line, and use the language of: equal to, more | read, write and interpret mathematical statements involving addition (+), subtraction (-) and equals (=) signs <br> - represent and use number bonds and related subtraction facts within 20 <br> - add and subtract onedigit and two-digit numbers to 20 , including zero <br> - solve one-step problems that involve addition and subtraction, using concrete objects and pictorial representations, and missing number problems such as 7 = $\quad-9$ | solve one-step problems involving multiplication and division, by calculating the answer using concrete objects, pictorial representations and arrays with the support of the teacher | recognise, find and name a half as one of two equal parts of an object, shape or quantity <br> - recognise, find and name a quarter as one of four equal parts of an object, shape or quantity | compare, describe and solve practical problems for: - lengths and heights (for example, long/short, longer/shorter, tall/short, double/half) <br> - mass / weight (for example, heavy/light, heavier than, lighter than) <br> - capacity and volume (full/empty, more than, less than, half, half full, quarter) <br> - time (quicker, slower, earlier, later) | recognise and name common 2-D and 3-D shapes, including: - 2-D shapes [for example, rectangles (including squares), circles and triangles] <br> - 3-D shapes [for example, cuboids (including cubes), pyramids and spheres] | describe position, direction and movement, including whole, half, quarter and three-quarter turns |  |

## SAMES



|  | than, less than (fewer), most, least <br> - read and write numbers from 1 to 20 in numerals and words |  |  |  | - measure and begin to record the following: <br> - lengths and heights <br> - mass/weight <br> - capacity and volume <br> - time (hours, minutes, seconds) <br> - recognise and know the value of different denominations of coins and notes <br> - sequence events in chronological order using language (for example, before and after, next, first, today, yesterday, tomorrow, morning, afternoon and evening) <br> - recognise and use language relating to dates, including days of the week, weeks, months and years <br> - tell the time to the hour and half past the hour and draw the hands on a clock face to show these times |  |  |  |
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| Year 2 | count in steps of 2, 3, and 5 from 0 , and in tens from any number, forward or backward <br> $\square \square$ recognise the place value of each digit in a two-digit number (tens, ones) <br> $\square \square$ identify, represent and estimate numbers using different representations, including the number line <br> $\square \square$ compare and order numbers from 0 up | solve problems with addition and subtraction: <br> - using concrete objects and pictorial representations, including those involving numbers, quantities and measures <br> - applying their increasing knowledge of mental and written methods | recall and use multiplication and division facts for the 2,5 and 10 multiplication tables, including recognising odd and even numbers <br> $\square \square$ calculate mathematical statements for multiplication and division within the multiplication tables and write them using the multiplication (x), division $(\div)$ and | recognise, find, name and write fractions ${ }^{1} /{ }_{3},{ }_{4} /{ }_{4}$, ${ }^{2} /{ }_{4}$ and ${ }^{3} /{ }_{4}$ of a length, shape, set of objects or quantity $\square \square$ write simple fractions for example, ${ }^{1} / 2$ of 6 $=3$ and recognise the equivalence of ${ }^{2} / 4$ and ${ }^{1} /{ }_{2}$. | choose and use <br> appropriate standard units to estimate and measure length/height in any direction (m/cm); mass (kg/g); temperature $\left({ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)$; capacity (litres $/ \mathrm{ml}$ ) to the nearest appropriate unit, using rulers, scales, thermometers and measuring vessels | identify and describe the properties of 2 -D shapes, including the number of sides and symmetry in a vertical line <br> $\square \square i d e n t i f y$ and describe the properties of 3-D shapes, including the number of edges, vertices and faces <br> $\square \square$ identify 2-D shapes on the surface of 3 -D shapes [for example a circle on a cylinder and | interpret and construct simple <br> pictograms, tally charts, block diagrams and simple tables <br> $\square \square$ ask and answer simple questions by counting the number of objects in each category and sorting the categories by quantity <br> $\square \square$ ask and answer questions about totalling and comparing categorical data |  |




| Year 4 | hundreds, tens, and ones) <br> $\square$ order and compare numbers beyond 1000 <br> $\square$ identify, represent and estimate numbers using different representations <br> $\square \square$ round any number to the nearest 10 , 100 or 1000 <br> $\square \square$ solve number and practical problems that involve all of the above and with increasingly large positive numbers <br> $\square \square$ read Roman numerals to 100 (I to C) and know that over time, the numeral system changed to include the concept of zero and place value | digits using the formal written methods of columnar addition and subtraction where appropriate <br> - estimate and use inverse operations to check answers to a calculation <br> - solve addition and subtraction two-step problems in contexts, deciding which operations and methods to use and why | dividing tenths by ten. <br> $\square \square$ solve problems involving increasingly harder fractions to calculate quantities, and fractions to divide quantities, including nonunit fractions where the answer is a whole number <br> $\square \square$ add and subtract fractions with the same <br> denominator <br> $\square \square$ recognise and write decimal equivalents of any number of tenths or hundredths <br> $\square \square$ recognise and write decimal equivalents to ${ }^{1} /$; ${ }^{1} /{ }_{2} ;{ }_{3}{ }_{4}$ <br> - find the effect of dividing a one- or two-digit number by 10 and 100 , identifying the value of the digits in the answer as ones, tenths and hundredths <br> - round decimals with one decimal place to the nearest whole number <br> - compare numbers with the same number of decimal places up to two decimal places <br> - solve simple measure and money problems involving fractions and | example, <br> kilometre to metre; hour to minute] <br> $\square \square$ measure and calculate the perimeter of a rectilinear figure (including squares) in centimetres and metres <br> $\square \square$ find the area of rectilinear shapes by counting squares <br> $\square \square$ estimate, compare and calculate different measures, including money in pounds and pence <br> $\square \square$ read, write and convert time between analogue and digital 12 and 24-hour clocks $\square \square$ solve problems involving converting from hours to minutes; minutes to seconds; years to months; weeks to days | $\square \square$ identify lines of symmetry in 2-D shapes presented in different orientations <br> $\square \square$ complete a simple symmetric figure with respect to a specific line of symmetry <br> compare and classify geometric shapes, including quadrilaterals and triangles, based on their properties and sizes <br> $\square \square i d e n t i f y$ acute and obtuse angles and compare and order angles up to two right angles by size <br> $\square$-identify lines of symmetry in 2-D shapes presented in different orientations <br> $\square$ complete a simple symmetric figure with respect to a specific line of symmetry | $\square \square$ describe movements between positions as translations of a given unit to the left/right and up/down <br> $\square \square$ plot specified points and draw sides to complete a given polygon | continuous data using appropriate graphical methods, including bar charts and time graphs $\square \square$ solve comparison, sum and difference problems using information presented in bar charts, pictograms, tables and other graphs |
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| Year 5 | $\square \square$ read, write, order and compare numbers to at least <br> 1000 <br> 000 and determine the value of each digit - count forwards or backwards in steps of powers of 10 for any given number up to 1000000 <br> - interpret negative numbers in context, count forwards and backwards with positive and negative whole numbers, including through zero <br> $\square \square$ round any number up to <br> 1000000 to the nearest 10, 100, 1000, 10000 and 100000 $\square \square$ solve number problems and practical problems that involve all of the above - पread Roman numerals to 1000 (M) and recognise years written in Roman numerals | add and subtract whole numbers with more than 4 digits, including using formal written methods (columnar addition and subtraction) <br> $\square \square$ add and subtract numbers mentally with increasingly large numbers <br> $\square \square$ use rounding to check answers to calculations and determine, in the context of a problem, levels of accuracy $\square \square$ solve addition and subtraction multi-step problems in contexts, deciding which operations and methods to use and why | identify multiples and factors, including finding all factor pairs of a number, and common factors of two numbers. <br> $\square \square$ know and use the vocabulary of prime numbers, prime factors and composite (nonprime) numbers $\square \square$ establish whether a number up to 100 is prime and recall prime numbers up to 19 $\square \square$ multiply numbers up to 4 digits by a oneor two-digit number using a formal written method, including long multiplication for twodigit numbers $\square \square$ multiply and divide numbers mentally drawing upon known facts <br> - divide numbers up to 4 digits by a onedigit number using the formal written method of short division and interpret remainders appropriately for the context <br> - multiply and divide whole numbers and those involving decimals by 10,100 and 1000 <br> - recognise and use square numbers and cube numbers, and the notation for squared ( ${ }^{2}$ ) and cubed $\left({ }^{3}\right)$ - solve problems involving multiplication and division including using their knowledge of factors and multiples, squares and cubes <br> - solve problems involving addition, subtraction, multiplication and | compare and order fractions whose denominators are all multiples of the same number <br> $\square \square$ identify, name and write equivalent fractions of a given fraction, represented visually, including tenths and hundredths $\square \square$ recognise mixed numbers and improper fractions and convert from one form to the other and write mathematical statements > 1 as a mixed number [ for example, ${ }^{2} /{ }_{5}+{ }_{4} /{ }_{5}={ }^{6} /{ }_{5}$ $\left.=1{ }^{1} /{ }_{5}\right]$ <br> $\square \square$ add and subtract fractions with the same denominator and multiples of the same number $\square \square$ multiply proper fractions and mixed numbers by whole numbers, supported by materials and diagrams <br> $\square \square$ read and write decimal numbers as fractions [ for example, $0.71={ }^{71} /{ }_{100}$ ] <br> $\square \square$ recognise and use thousandths and relate them to tenths, hundredths and decimal equivalents <br> $\square \square$ round decimals with two decimal places to the nearest whole number and to one decimal place $\square \square$ read, write, order and compare numbers with up to three decimal places | convert between different units of metric measure (for example, kilometre and metre; centimetre and metre; centimetre and millimetre; gram and kilogram; litre and millilitre) <br> $\square \square$ understand and use approximate equivalences between metric units and common imperial units such as inches, pounds and pints <br> $\square \square$ measure and calculate the perimeter of composite rectilinear shapes in centimetres and metres <br> $\square \square$ calculate and compare the area of rectangles (including squares) using standard units, square centimetres ( $\mathrm{cm}^{2}$ ) and square metres (m ${ }^{2}$ ) and estimate the area of irregular shapes $\square \square$ estimate volume [for example, using 1 $\mathrm{cm}^{3}$ blocks to build cuboids(including cubes)] and capacity[for example, using water ] $\square \square$ solve problems involving converting between units of time $\square \square u s e$ all four operations to solve problems involving measure [for example, length, mass, volume, money] using decimal notation including scaling | identify 3-D shapes, including cubes and other cuboids, from 2-D representations $\square \square$ know angles are measured in degrees: estimate and compare acute, obtuse and reflex angles $\square \square$ draw given angles, and measure them in degrees ( ${ }^{\circ}$ ) - Didentify: - angles at a point and one whole turn (total $360^{\circ}$ ) - angles at a point on a straight line and $1 / 2$ a turn (total $180^{\circ}$ ) other multiples of $90^{\circ}$ <br> use the properties of rectangles to deduce related facts and find missing lengths and angles distinguish between regular and irregular polygons based on reasoning about equal sides and angles | $\square$ identify, describe and represent the position of a shape following a reflection or translation, using the appropriate language, and know that the shape has not changed | $\square \square$ solve comparison, sum and difference problems using information presented in a line graph $\square \square$ complete, read and interpret information in tables, including timetables |
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|  |  |  | division and a combination of these, including understanding the meaning of the equals sign solve problems involving multiplication and division, including scaling by simple fractions and problems involving simple rates | $\square \square$ solve problems involving number up to three decimal places <br> $\square \square$ recognise the per cent symbol (\%) and understand that per cent relates to "number of parts per hundred", and write percentages as a fraction with denominator 100, and as a decimal $\square \square$ solve problems which require knowing percentage and decimal equivalents of ${ }^{1} / 2,1 / I_{4}, I_{5}, /_{5}, /_{5}^{4}$ and those with a denominator of a multiple of 10 or 25 |  |  |  |  |
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| Year 6 | $\square \square$ read, write, order and compare numbers up to 10000000 and determine the value of each digit <br> $\square \square$ round any whole number to a required degree of accuracy $\square \square$ use negative numbers in context, and calculate intervals across zero $\square \square$ solve number and practical problems that involve all of the above | multiply multi-digit numbers up to 4 digits by a two-digit whole number using the formal written method of long multiplication $\square$ divide numbers up to 4 digits by a two-digit whole number using the formal written method of long division, and interpret remainders as whole number remainders, fractions, or by rounding, as appropriate for the context <br> - divide numbers up to 4 digits by a two-digit number using the formal written method of short division where appropriate, interpreting remainders according to the context - perform mental calculations, including with mixed operations and large numbers. - identify common factors, common multiples and prime numbers | Fractions (including decimals and percentages) <br> use common factors to simplify fractions; use common multiples to express fractions in the same denomination $\square \square$ compare and order fractions, including fractions $>1$ <br> $\square \square$ add and subtract fractions with different denominators and mixed numbers, using the concept of equivalent fractions $\square \square$ multiply simple pairs of proper fractions, writing the answer in its simplest form [ for example, ${ }^{1} /{ }_{4} \times$ $\left.{ }^{1} / 2=1_{8}^{1} /\right]$ <br> $\square$ divide proper fractions by whole numbers [for example, $\left.{ }^{1} /{ }_{3} \div 2=1_{6}^{1}\right]$ | Ratio and proportion <br> solve problems involving the relative sizes of two quantities where missing values can be found by using integer multiplication and division facts $\square \square$ solve problems involving the calculation of percentages [for example, of measures such as $15 \%$ of 360 ] and the use of percentages for comparison $\square \square$ solve problems involving similar shapes where the scale factor is known or can be found $\square \square$ solve problems involving unequal sharing and grouping using knowledge of | Algebra <br> use simple formulae <br> $\square$ generate and describe linear number sequences <br> $\square$ express missing number problems algebraically <br> $\square$ find pairs of numbers that satisfy an equation with two unknowns <br> $\square$ enumerate possibilities of combinations of two variables | Measurement <br> solve problems involving the calculation and conversion of units of measure, using decimal notation up to three decimal places where appropriate $\square \square$ use, read, write and convert between standard units, converting measurements of length, mass, volume and time from a smaller unit of measure to a larger unit, and vice versa, using decimal notation to up to three decimal places <br> $\square \square$ convert between miles and kilometres $\square \square$ recognise that shapes with the same areas can have different perimeters and vice versa |  <br> Geometry: position, and direction <br> draw 2-D shapes using given dimensions and angles <br> $\square \square$ recognise, describe and build simple 3-D shapes, including making nets <br> $\square \square$ compare and classify geometric shapes based on their properties and sizes and find unknown angles in any triangles, quadrilaterals, and regular polygons <br> $\square \square$ illustrate and name parts of circles, including radius, diameter and circumference and know that the diameter is twice the radius | Statistics <br> - interpret and construct pie charts and line graphs and use these to solve problems <br> - calculate and interpret the mean as an average |


|  |  | - use their knowledge of the order of operations to carry out calculations involving the four operations <br> - solve addition and subtraction multi-step problems in contexts, deciding which operations and methods to use and why <br> - solve problems involving addition, subtraction, multiplication and division use estimation to check answers to calculations and determine, in the context of a problem, an appropriate degree of accuracy | associate a fraction with division and calculate decimal fraction equivalents [for example, 0.375] for a simple fraction [for example, ${ }^{3}{ }_{8}$ ] <br> - identify the value of each digit to three decimal places and multiply and divide numbers by 10,100 and 1000 giving answers up to three decimal places - multiply one-digit numbers with up to two decimal places by whole numbers - use written division methods in cases where the answer has up to two decimal places <br> solve problems which require answers to be rounded to specified degrees of accuracy <br> - recall and use equivalences between simple fractions, decimals and percentages, including in different contexts | fractions and multiples |  | $\square \square$ recognise when it is possible to use formulae for area and volume of shapes $\square \square$ calculate the area of parallelograms and triangles <br> - calculate, estimate and compare volume of cubes and cuboids using standard units, including centimetre cubed ( cm ) and cubic metres (m), and extending to other units [for example $\mathrm{mm}^{3}$ and $\mathrm{km}^{3}$ ] | $\square \square$ recognise angles where they meet at a point, are on a straight line, or are vertically opposite, and find missing angles <br> - describe positions on the full coordinate grid (all four quadrants) <br> - draw and translate simple shapes on the coordinate plane, and reflect them in the axes |  |
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